Sociology reveals the social factors impacting human well-being. Sociology looks at social organization in all its forms: culture, family, institutions & organizations, local and global society... Sociology considers factors impacting human functioning—for example gender, culture, race/ethnicity, religion, stratification, inequality, work play, health.... Sociology enables students to interact effectively in a diverse & fluid society. Sociology encourages critical thinking and analytical problem-solving.

The following Sociology courses are those that will directly help you, the pre-professional student!

**SOC 10002 or 20002 – Understanding Societies**
Helps students understand human behavior and social life and their effects on life experiences and outcomes.

**SOC 10033 or 20033 – Introduction to Social Problems**
Helps students take a sociological perspective on our society’s most serious social problems, such as crime & deviance, drug abuse & addiction, violence, hunger, poverty, & racial/ethnic discrimination.

**SOC 10722 or 20722 – Introduction to Social Psychology**
Helps students understand the interaction between individuals and society — how our personalities are shaped by others, groups we belong to, social structures around us, & social interactions.

**SOC 20410 – Health, Medicine, & Society**
Provides students with a comprehensive introduction to the sociology of health and medicine – this course is designed especially for pre-health professionals.

**SOC 20550 – Development and Human Well Being**
Helps students consider the meaning of “development” and its concrete outcomes for human well-being: education, health, political freedoms, material wealth/consumption, and happiness.

**SOC 43402 – Population Dynamics**
Helps students to understand the causes and consequences of population change – for example changes in fertility, mortality, migration, technology, lifestyle, & culture – through demography.

**SOC 43471 – Social Aspects of Mental Health**
Helps students to consider the social & environmental conditions that contribute to mental illness, including (but not limited to) power, status, race/ethnicity, gender, & access to resources.

The MCAT 2015 will contain the following three sections:

- **Natural Sciences**
- **Social and Behavioral Sciences**
- **Critical Analysis and Reasoning Skills**

For more information contact:

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**WHY?**

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